

House of Representatives

General Assembly

File No. 190

January Session, 2015

House Bill No. 6913

House of Representatives, March 24, 2015

The Committee on Public Safety and Security reported through REP. DARGAN of the 115th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING LOCAL EMERGENCY PLANS OF OPERATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 28-7 of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 3 October 1, 2015):
- 4 (a) Each town or city of the state shall establish a local organization
- 5 for civil preparedness in accordance with the state civil preparedness
- 6 plan and program, provided any two or more towns or cities may,
- 7 with the approval of the commissioner, establish a joint organization
- 8 for civil preparedness. The authority of such local or joint organization
- 9 for civil preparedness shall not supersede that of any regularly
- 10 organized police or fire department. In order to be eligible for any state
- or federal benefits under this chapter, not later than [January 1, 2008]
- 12 <u>January 1, 2017</u>, and [annually] <u>biennially</u> thereafter, each town or city
- of the state shall have a current emergency plan of operations that has
- 14 been approved by the commissioner. The plan shall be submitted to

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the commissioner after it has been approved by the local emergency management director and the local chief executive. Such plan may be submitted with a notice stating that the plan remains unchanged from the [previous year's] previously submitted version. The emergency plan of operations of every town or city situated on the shoreline of the state shall contain provisions addressing an emergency caused by any existing liquefied natural gas terminal located on the Long Island Sound and every town or city situated on the shoreline of the state shall submit such plan to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public safety, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, and the commissioner to obtain approval. The committee shall hold a public hearing regarding such plan not later than thirty days after receiving the plan. Not later than five days after the hearing, the committee shall (1) hold a roll-call vote to approve or reject the plan, and (2) forward the plan and a record of the committee's vote to the General Assembly. Such emergency plan of operations shall not be approved by the commissioner unless the commissioner determines that the plan proposes strategies that address all the activities and measures of civil preparedness identified in subdivision (4) of section 28-1. Each town or city of the state shall consider whether to include in such plan provisions for the nonmilitary evacuation of livestock, horses, pets and service animals, and the temporary sheltering of pets, service animals and animals trained to assist first responders.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	October 1, 2015	28-7(a)	

PS Joint Favorable

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The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: Potential Minimal Savings

Municipal Impact: Potential Minimal Savings

Explanation

The bill modifies the submission and approval requirements for municipal emergency plans of operation from annually to biennially. To the extent that such change reduces municipal and state effort in revising, submitting, and approving such plans, certain state and municipal agencies may realize a minimal savings during years in which submission is no longer required.

The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue for those years in which a plan submission is no longer required. HB6913 File No. 190

OLR Bill Analysis HB 6913

AN ACT CONCERNING LOCAL EMERGENCY PLANS OF OPERATION.

SUMMARY:

Beginning January 1, 2017, this bill reduces, from annually to biennially, the frequency with which towns must submit their required emergency response plans to the emergency services and public protection commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2015

BACKGROUND

Emergency Response Plan

By law, every town must have a current emergency plan of operations approved by the commissioner of emergency services and public protection to be eligible for certain state or federal emergency management benefits. The plan must be submitted to the commissioner after it has been approved by the local emergency management director and the local chief executive. If the plan is unchanged from the previous year, the town may submit it with a note to that effect.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Public Safety and Security Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 25 Nay 0 (03/10/2015)